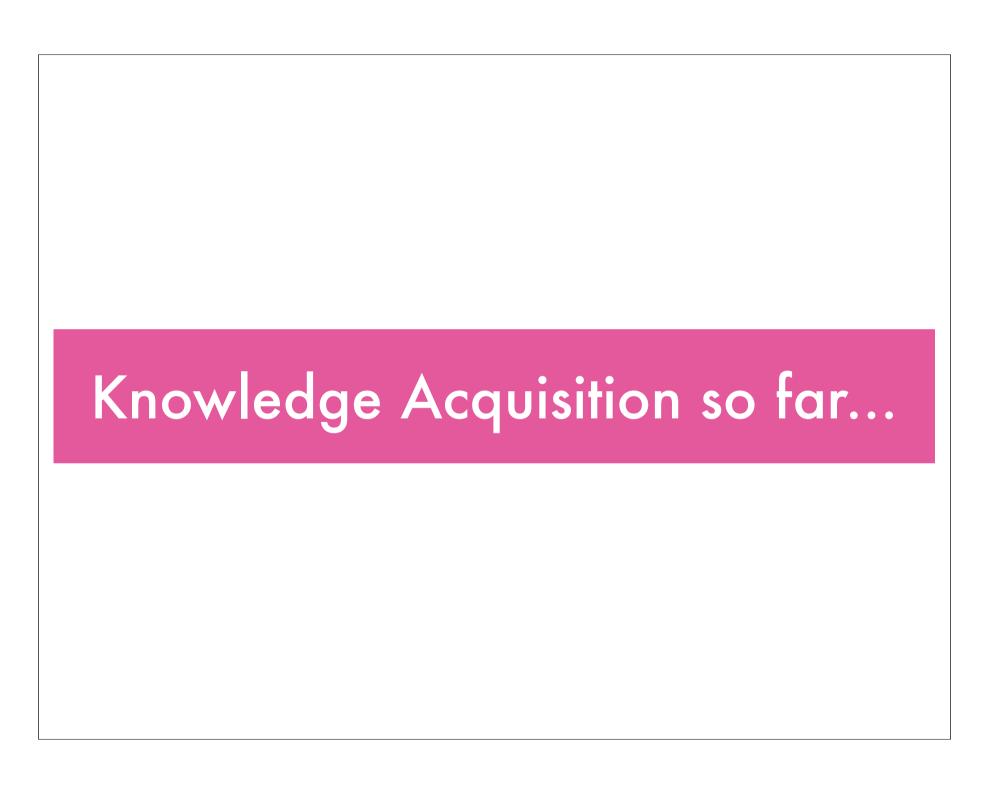
Große Übung Computer Networks

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Holger Füßler

<u>fuessler@informatik.uni-mannheim.de</u>

<u>http://www.informatik.uni-mannheim.de</u>/pi4/people/fuessler



Chapter 1: some Questions

- 1. What is a Computer Network
 - a. as opposed to a BUS?
 - b. as opposed to a Terminal Network?
- 2. What groups of standardization organizations exist?
- 3. Why is standardization especially relevant for Computer Networks?
- 4. How and why can a communication system be structured into layers?
- 5. Draw and label a picture of three nodes running an ISO/OSI stack (a-b-c) and fully explain the consequences of an e-mail sent from a to c!
- 6. Explain the following words: layer, protocol, service, service primitive!
- 7. Draw and label of an ISO/OSI stack side-by-side to a TCP/IP stack such that corresponding layers are on the same level. Describe similarities and difference.
- 8. Discuss the differences between OSI and IP, both of the reference model and the actual protocols.

Chapter 2a: some Questions

- 1. You are able to define and explain the function of the Physical Layer!
- 2. You can classify time-dependend signals and name, sketch, and explain examples!
- 3. What is the purpose of line coding? What are the problems when transmitting with electricity? What are desirable properties of line codes and why?
- 4. You know all the line-codes of the slides by heart, can code and decode in them and can compare every two of them according to their features.
- 5. Explain the difference between bit and baud rate!
- 6. Explain the terms modulation and modem!
- 7. Name and explain the three modulation techniques from the slides, including drawn examples.
- 8. Explain multiplexing in the context of transmission paths/channels!
- 9. Explain FDM, the two flavours of TDM and discuss the pros and cons!
- 10. Explain the fundamental advantages of transmitting data digitally.
- 11. Explain the fundamental steps of Digitalization.
- 12. Explain sampling and Nyquists's Theorem using self-drawn examples.
- 13. Explain Quantization, Quantization error and PCM giving an example.
- 14. Explain Delta Modulation, PCM and ADPCM!

Chapter 2b: some Questions

- 15. Explain the difference between synchronous and asynchroneous transmission. Give an example for both!
- 16. Make a complete figure with explanation of a System as described on Slide 2a-54 transmitting the number sequence 7-2-8-1 from a to b.
 - 1. You are able to name, sketch, and describe the topologies shown in the slides! Furthermore, you can compare them w.r.t. e.g., fault tolerance, cost cable length etc...
 - 2. You can explain the basic cable types featured in the slides. Also, you can in principal compare electrical vs. optical cabling.
 - 3. What are the special properties of Satellite Communication, Wireless LAN, Bluetooth, and Cellular Networks like UMTS/GSM, what are the advantages and disadvantages.
 - 4. How does the physical Layer of V.24 work in principal?
 - 5. What do members of the xDSL protocol family have in common, how do they work in principal? Make a sketch of the system from Internet to Home.
 - 6. Compare the members of the xDSL family.
 - 7. Why is ADSL asymmetric?
 - 8. Explain QUAM using a self-made diagram. How is ist possible to get multiple bits per baud?
 - 9. How does CAP work, how DMT?

Chapter 3: some Questions

- 1. Name and explain the Functions of the Data Link Layer
- 2. What is the reason for transmission errors and how is the nature of their occurence?
- 3. Explain the terms code and alphabet?
- 4. Explain error detection/correction with a code?
- 5. Explain the parity bit? What can you do with it? How do you calculate it?
- 6. What is the hamming distance of two code words and of a complete code? Give the definition and explain.
- 7. What can you do with a code having hamming distance e?
- 8. You are able to explain and use the formular for the lower boundary of redundancy bits to achieve the ability to correct 1Bit erros.
- 9. Name and explain the advantages/drawbacks of error correcting codes. When are they practically used?

Chapter 3-2: more Questions

- 10. You can sketch and explain CRC checksum calculation and checking. Name Advantages of CRC over other error detecting codes.
- How does frame delimiting work? How can you avoid the occurence of frame delimiters inside a message? Draw a layer picture and show where bit stuffing occurs and where frame delimiting. You can also sketch bit stuffing with a FSM.
- 12. List Explain the use of ACKs and SQNs in DLL protocols.
- 13. You can list, sketch, and explain protocols using the following design building blocks: ACKs, NACKs, SQNs, Sliding Window Go-Back-N, Selective Repeat... Also, you can deduce the consequences of single design desicions.
- 14. What is the purpose and the principle of flow control? In which cases do you need it and it which don't you (incl. Why).

Chapter 3-3

- 1. You can explain the header format of HDLC and the purpose of every field.
- 2. You can explain the different operation modes of HDLC.
- 3. What is one purpose of the extended control field in HDLC?
- 4. You know, and are able to reproduce and explain all knowledge about HDLC contained in the slides.
- 5. How does HDLC manage to send more than 8 packets with only 3Bits for the sequence number?
- 6. You are able to exercise all algorithms learnt before on the example of HDLC.
- 7. Draw a layer picture and explain Internet Access with PPP.

Chapter 4-1

- 1. What is a Local Area Network? Explain different types, explain the location inside the protocol stack.
- 2. Know and understand different topologies with their respective Advantages/Disadvantages.
- 3. When and why is Medium Access Control needed?
- 4. How does (slotted) ALOHA work? Understand the performance study in the slides (add. explanation in Tanenbaum).
- 5. Explain CSMA/CD and its versions. Understand the effects of persistency on performance (add. explanation in Tanenbaum).
- 6. You understand, can explain, and calculate with the "Maximum Segment Length".

Chapter 4-2a

- 1. What's the difference between a LAN hub and a LAN switch.
- 2. Explain variants of the internals of a switch.
- 3. You know and are able to explain all the gory details of the token ring protocol; Also, you can discuss it "against" Ethernet.
- **4.** Name and explain the design goals for Wireless LAN.
- 5. Describe the different setups 802.11 provides. Give examples.
- 6. What is the standard configuration of 802.11 to access a wired network? What for ad-hoc communication with other wireless devices?
- 7. Know everything there is to know (from the slides) of 802.11. Be able to explain protocol examples and draw packet exchange pictures of given scenarios.
- 8. Explain and discuss FHSS vs. DSSS as modulation techniques.